## Introduction to Computer Science II Fall 2016 MID-TERM EXAM

1. (15 points) Provide short answers (a few sentences) to each of the following questions:

- (a) What does it mean to designate a datum or method as public or private? Why should some such members be designated private?
- (b) Why must a recursive method contain a *base case*?
- (c) Why must a *constructor* have no return type?

- 2. (25 points) Consider writing a method that does the following:
  - Prompt the user to enter an integer between the min and max values, inclusive.
  - Obtain the user's input as a String by using the following (assumedly) already written method: public static String getTypedInput()
  - Attempt to convert the obtained input into an int by calling the following Integer class method: public static int parseInt (String s) throws NumberFormatException
  - If the user's input is not convertable to an integer, or if the value entered is outside of the range specified by **min** and **max**, prompt the user again until this condition is fulfilled.
  - Return the converted int.

## Complete this method:

public static int getIntInRange (int min, int max) {

3. (25 points) Consider the following two object classes ...

```
public class Alpha {
    protected int _x;
    public Alpha (int x) {
        _x = x;
    }
    public void show1 () {
        System.out.println("Alpha 1: " + _x);
    }
    public static void show2 () {
        System.out.println("Alpha 2");
    }
    public void show3 () {
        this.show2();
    }
}
public class Beta extends Alpha {
    private int _x;
    public Beta (int x) {
        super(x);
        _x = x * 2;
    }
    public void show1 () {
        System.out.println("Beta 1: " + _x + " " + super._x);
    }
    public static void show2 () {
        System.out.println("Beta 2");
    }
    public void show3 () {
        this.show2();
    }
}
[continued on next page ...]
```

```
...as well as this static class ...
public class Go {
    public static void main (String[] args) {
        Alpha a = new Beta(4);
        a.show1();
        a.show2();
        a.show3();
    }
}
```

Show the output generated when this program is run by invoking:<sup>1</sup>

\$ java Go

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>You may provide short explanations of why you chose that particular output.

4. (25 points) Consider the following recursive method:

```
public static void doit (int n, char prefix) {
    if (n > 0) {
        System.out.println("a: " + prefix + n);
        doit(n-1, '$');
        System.out.println("b: " + prefix + n);
        doit(n-1, '%');
        System.out.println("c: " + prefix + n);
    }
}
```

Show the output generated when this method is called like  $so:^2$ 

doit(3, '!');

5. (10 points) Free points suffering through this exam.

 $<sup>^2\</sup>mathrm{Again},$  explanations, diagrams, or any other demonstration of your thinking is welcome.