COMPUTER SYSTEMS PROJECT 7 Implenting page swapping

1 Getting started

Begin by getting the repository and code set up...

- 1. Login to the server via ssh.
- 2. Login to GitLab in your browser.
- 3. Start a new project: Set the *Project name* to be sysproj-7.
- 4. Clone the repository onto the course server:

```
$ git config --global user.name "Your Name"
$ git config --global user.email "yourusername@amherst.edu"
$ git clone git@gitlab.amherst.edu:yourusername/sysproj-7.git
$ cd sysproj-7
```

5. Download the source code:

```
$ wget -nv -i https://bit.ly/cosc-171-21f-p7
$ ls -l
```

6. Add/commit/push the source code to the repository:

```
$ git add *
$ git commit -m "Starting code."
$ git push
```

2 Looking inside vmsim

For this project, you will be working within **vmsim**. I have provided all of its code (modified somewhat from the previous project), including my own MMU implementation. Your work will all be within **vmsim.c**, modifying to do new things.

The most immediate change is the presence of the bs.c and bs.h files, which implement a simulated *backing store*—a disk-like larger storage that allows you to read and write whole blocks (each conveniently 4 KB).

Additionally, you can now look inside vmsim.c to see how it works. Of paritcular interest is the function vmsim_map_fault(), since it is responsible for handling MMU translations that fail. You should also notice, in mmu.c, that the MMU now does two new, important things:

- 1. **Test the** *resident* **bit:** Each page table entry uses the bit in position 0 to indicate whether that simulated page is mapped to an honest to goodness *real* page that is available and ready for use. If this bit is 0, the translation fails.
- 2. Set the *referenced* and *dirty* bits: When a translation succeeds, the bit at position 1 is set (to 1), indicated that this simulated page has been referenced. If the reference is a *write* operation, then the bit at position 2 is set (to 1), marking the simulated page as *dirty*.¹

There are likely other features that you will want to take in, including a number of **#define** macros that I've used for manipulating bits, various helpful constants, etc. Get your head wrapped around the code.

3 Creating a page swapping mechanism

Notice that the new *backing store* device is not initially used by the provided code. This code will compile and run, but the *real* memory is small.² Any program that uses 1 MB or more will fail.

Your task is to make use of the backing store device to swap pages to and from *real* memory. Each time you do, the page tables must be updated to reflect the change. Simulated pages backed by real memory should have their *resident* bit set and their translations should succeed; those not backed by real memory, and held only in the backing store, should have this bit cleared so that translations fail. The vmsim_map_fault() function must identify attempted uses of pages on the backing store and initiate a page swap. How you choose to approximate the *least recently used* policy in order to select a page in real memory for replacement is up to you.

4 How to submit your work

First, be sure that the most recent versions of your work are up-to-date on the GitLab server by performing an *add/commit/push* with git. Then, go to GitLab with your browser, and add me (*sfkaplan*) as a *Developer* to your repository.

This assignment is due on Monday, Nov-29, 11:59 pm.

¹Notice, also, that mmu_translate() now has a second parameter that indicates whether the memory reference is a *read* or *write* operation.

²Of the 5 MB in the default *real* memory size, the first 4 MB + 4 KB are reserved for the page table; slightly less than 1 MB is available for backing *simulated* pages.